

APIX Workshop @ Kyoto, Japan

**Discussion on the policy change
in APNIC region regarding IPv4 assignment size to IXPs**

Moderated by Masataka MAWATARI

Abstract of this proposal

- prop-154: Resizing of IPv4 assignment for the IXPs
 - <https://www.apnic.net/community/policy/proposals/prop-154/>
- Objective
 - This proposal suggests changing the default size of IPv4 assignments for IXPs from /23 to /26, which can be replaced up to a maximum of a /22 if the IXP returns the IPv4 address space previously assigned to them.
- Current status
 - To be discussed at APNIC 56
- Authors
 - Simon Sohel Baroi and Aftab Siddiqui

Summary of idea and background

(quote from an email on APIX member mailinglist by Toyama-san)

- The general idea is as follows:
 - Currently, IPv4 assignment for an IXP is /23
 - The initial assignment to an IXP should be changed to /26
 - If the IXP becomes bigger, /25 to /22 will be assigned if they replace and return the old space.
- The reason to propose this is like:
 - The IPv4 address becomes more and more precious
 - At the initial stage of many IXPs, they do not have enough members/customers
 - This is a waste of IPv4 address.

A similar policy in RIPE NCC (ripe-733)

- <https://www.ripe.net/publications/docs/ripe-733>
- 6.1. Assignments to Internet Exchange Points
 - New IXPs will be assigned a /24 by default. Once they require a larger assignment, they must return their current one (or existing PI used as an IXP peering LAN) and receive a replacement up to maximum of a /22. After one year, utilisation of the new assignment must be at least 50%, unless special circumstances are defined. On request or once there are no more assignments of /24 (or larger) available, assignments can be made down to /27.

Discussion

- Are there different thoughts depending on the situation?
 - IXPs in emerging areas or established areas
 - IXPs running in multiple national in APAC
 - IXPs operating multiple cities in a country/economy
- RFC 8950
 - Advertising IPv4 Network Layer Reachability Information (NLRI) with an IPv6 Next Hop
 - <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8950/>
- Any comments/considerations